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[Note.—Mrs. Lyman Abbott is too well known to women all over the untry to need an introduction to our readers, but we are sure they will feel particular interest in Mrs. Abbott's articles written especially for The QUEEN FASHION.—ED.]

JITHE WINTER has been a hard one-we are glad to see it give place to Spring. Not only in this country, but else there have been the cries of the hungry and the distressed We like to find a reason for every new trouble, and so in our country one party attributes all the evils which befall us to the mistakes or intentional wrong doing of the other party. I have no doubt that in some way even the ravages of the grip will be traced to mistaken notions regarding the tariff and currency; but the three thousand working men who were clamoring for a cha to earn their daily bread in Montreal were not in their sad plight because our politics were wrong, nor were the Armenians mas-sacred because our representatives at Washington were at loggerheads. And we, faulty as we are in national and municipal

politics, did not instigate the war about poor little Siam.

I suggest that it would be interesting to discuss the origin of "icse and other evils which have afflicted the world this last year, at the sewing societies and current topics clubs, and in preparation therefor, to read about these foot prints of modern history, and talk them over at home

In order to derive the greatest benefit from such reading and discussions the mind should be kept free from prejudice and par-tisanship. Most of us form our theories and try to make facts fit them, whereas we should hold our theories subject to modification if facts do not sustain them. It takes an extraordinarily well-balanced person to see events in their true relation. A habit of reserving judgment till the mental atmosphere has cleared, helps the acquirement of this valuable balance. the acc

This brings me to an earnest inquiry from a thoughtful

"How can women who spend their lives in small towns edu cate themselves and keep up with their more fortunate sisters in cities where woman's clubs, libraries, lectures and all sorts of advantages for the advancement of women are free to all? We have our social circle and church work, and that is about all."

Oh, that I lived in a small town where I might have the time go to a club and attend an occasional lecture! there lies before me a ticket of admission to a lecture course just completed, and one for another course none the less attractive to begin next week. I have not been able to attend one of these lectures so far, nor do I expect to go to one of those given in the future, much as I should like to do so. The city has its advantages, but it is lacking in one essential element for the enjoyment of them—there is no time! The demands upon one are so much more numerous, distances are so much greater in the city that in thousand and one ways the moments slip away and time and

Self-culture depends upon the individual-not on the place of You can make your social circle and your church work contribute to your education. You can organize a current topics club with open discussions; a book and magazine club will furnish you varied reading at small cost; you can take the Chatauqua Course; there is a society for the encouragement of study at home, which you may join. In these ways you may obtain some of the advantages of the city, and what is better still, you may be the means of awakening the ambition and widening the horizon of women in your neighborhood who have not your earnestness. You need not wait for a large organization; a bright, home-like parlor and a few women gathered in common interest, are enough to begin with.

"How can a woman who has to cook and sew and nurse sick children, planning all the time to economize and make ends meet and yet give her family everything they should have, 'keep young with her children and keep posted so as to be companionable to her husbaud.' How can a woman save her strength and yet do justice to her home and family; and if she doesn't save her strength, how can she do justice to her own life. Answer me this if you can."

stion comes with a force given to it by an exaspera soul, and is but an echo of the cry of thousands of women. answer, read when the nerves are over-strained, the brain dis-tracted, and the muscles aching, will perhaps rouse an indignant protest. But my dear sister, I have been in your place and, with real sympathy in my heart, I tell you that the question betrays the secret of the misery

Firstly, as the preachers say, a woman cannot do justice to her family until she learns to save her strength. The difficulty is that most women do not know where to save; they waste their strength and their energies most woefully. Scores of unnecessary things are done; an irritated mind unfits one for good judg ; forgetfulness entails double labor; and at the day the work done is miserably out of proportion to the power expended. The wearied, nervous mother cannot quiet her sick child, the two disordered natures re-act upon each other and the child is no better while the mother is worse. Calmness and selfcontrol must come to the rescue; and it is astonishing how a burdened woman may learn to call these allies to her aid.

Secondly: bring your expenditures within your income so that the ends not only meet, but lap over a little, then you will have enough for regular expenses and something laid by for emergencies. This process may require radical changes in your mode of living, but courage and cheerfulness will enable you to accomplish them with surprising ease, while to live beyond you income is to invite a procession of evils to your door.

Thirdly: if you want to be companie able to your husband let him be companionable to you. I say "let" many a woman has thrown away her husband's society when it was hers to have, simply because it was not offered in a way to accord with her momentary impulses. Persuade your husband to help you "keep posted." With tact you can do a great deal. Ask him intelligent questions on subjects which interest him, and in that way show that you wish to be "companionable." etimes forget that they must go half-way if they are to meet their husbands on common ground

ortunately there are many helps now for the really wants to live simply, wisely and cheerfully. She can make her table attractive and wholesome with great economy; she may clothe her family in comfortable, becoming garments, without following the fashions of the rich in cheap and flimsy imitations, and as for books, they are to be had for the asking. The ordering of her house; the study of her developing children; the effort to keep her own standards of thinking and living high—in all of which she should have the co-operation of her husband—will stimulate the faculties of the earnest woman and be the means of her constant advancement. Then she will not find her daily ber constant advancement. outine a weight to hinder her, but a ladder on which she may Although she may not be able to "realize her Ideal," 'idealize her Real," and thus "win true Culture."

A. F. St. Abott.

Noms de Plume of Women Writers

T IS a curious fact that the majority of women who become really distinguished in literature under a nom de plume done so under names that were either masculine or had no sex Nobody could tell whether or not Currier Bell w man or woman. George Sand won an audience that would have been impossible to Aurore Dudevant, as did George Eliot one that would have whistled Marian Evans quite down the wind. Coming nearer our own time there is John Strange Winter-who is in private life Mrs. Stannard-and John Oliver Hobbs, ation of at least a London week, who is really Mrs. Perry Cragie. Then in America is Octave Thanet, known to her friends as Miss Alice French, and Charles Egbert Craddock, whom all ut half would recognize orld has heard of, though only about her as Miss Murfree.

A Soliloquy.

HAVE sometimes thought, Telemachus, if a man could only have with him some constant reminder of the flight of time; if he could have in his room a great hour-glass laden with just the exact sands of life; if he could every day watch the steadily drop-ping grains, and know that when they all ran through, the last would complete his grave; if, when he closed his eyes, he new that all night long the priceless grains ran through; if, in the silent hours of darkness, when he awoke he could hear them dropping, steadily as the drip, drip, drip of a water clock; if, when he came in from a journey he could see how much of the sands of his life had run out while he journeyed for pleasure or profit; if, sometimes he could stand before it and watch the swift grains running away with his life; and he could feel that always nd always, night and day, sleeping or waking, fasting or feast ing, working or resting, wherever he went or whatever he did, slower, steadily, pitilessly the sands ran through, and always every day the life heap fell away and the grave below piled up and up; if he could realize that no thought nor care, nor skill nor learning, could make them run more slowly by-and-by, or add one light grain to the measure meted out and sealed against his life by the inexorable facts, I wonder how many of the dropping grains he would turn to gold by the alchemy of industry and kindliness

The New Woman

SHE IS not necessarily a woman's rights woman, -a member of the "shrieking sisterhood," as the English say—clamor-ing for political power and recognition; she may not delve into all the ologies and isms of higher education; she need not make a letics and dress reform, acquiring mannish muscles, riding a wheel in caricatures of trousers and bestriding a horse on the public thoroughfare; she certainly need not smoke cigarettes, indulge in slang, calmly dissect the realistic French novel and drink cocktails to show her nerve; there are women ho distinguish themselves in this way, but they are classed as the "third sex," rather than as "the New Woman.

The New Woman is the one who combines the wo attributes of generations' inheritance with the quickened sense and business ability which the development and the exigencies of the age call for. She is doing a man's work—supporting a woman-and doing it with all a man's sturdy independence and privileges, without letting go of her womanly tastes and qualities

The time was when a woman earning a fair salary as teacher, clerk, professional nurse, seamstress, etc., found herself just as much restricted at thirty-five as she was at fifteen, in the matter of privileges. When her day's work was finished, she must conherself to such ladylike recreation as her limited sphere rded. She might not have an available male relative or friend afforded. in the world for an escort-then she must content herself with the old maid's fate of staying at home.

Custom decreed also, that she should stay under the same roof with her family; sharing a room with growing children, possi or in a cramped room under the eaves, though not out of reach of other people's family jars. No matter, so long as she was under family protection. If she was so unfortunate as to be without a family, she must seek the shelter of a morbidly prim boarding house, where her strait-laced deportment undr the chaperonage of critical eyes could pass without question. In either case, she gave up her uality to a greater or less extent, and had no real in return for her labors. She wasn't happy, of course, and her me a double weight because of her dreary existence.

New Woman has changed all this. When she must work,

The New Woman has changed all this. she does her work cheerfully, not begrudgingly and bewailing her lot; it opens up for her too many outside opportunities. over, it enables her to make a home for herself where every bright and cozy corner in it is in accord with her own tastes and feelings, and where she can entertain her friends or indulge in the luxury of being alone with herself, at her own sweet will. For every woma with a grain of womanly instinct left, wants a home of her own.

Naturally, she would prefer to stay in it and occupy herself a woman's work, letting the man of the house go out on cold, stormy days and do the bread-winning. But, owing to circumstances not entirely under her control, there happens to be no man of the house, and if she is asking for bread rather than a stone,

she must win it for herself, and sweeten it to taste as she goes along.

No one thinks of reproaching the New Woman "with being with being an old maid." That bug-bear of helpless maidens, has no con with the clever, cheerful, self-reliant New Wom It. can never harass her into marrying simply for a home and "a living" after she has proved herself capable of earning her own. When she does marry, the man she accepts may be sure that he has been chosen for himself, and not as a last res

That there are fewer marriages among the New Wor goes without saying. Men see only the aggressive, every-day side to the working woman, and are less apt to idealize her. On the other hand, working with men takes away the glamour from re a woman's eyes—"no man is a hero to his type-writer," disillusionment results all around. Pity 'tis, 'tis true! and disille

But if there are fewer marriages, there are certainly happier ones. The New Woman is not apt to be so easily mistaken in the man she entrusts with the rest of her life, and having had an active, practical business training, she sees things from nt and therefore will make a reasonable, helpful, sympawife-a true helpmeet and com

The New Woman will never think it her husband's duty to take care of her while she dawdles around an illy-kept house; she will not save her petty household trials to retail to his tired ears at night-she knows something of the vexations of business and what troubles he has of his own; she will not jealo to restrict his personal freedom, as though he were a child without intelligent purposes and rights of his own. She will take into consideration at all times the fact that each of them has a life of his or her own to live, touching in as many points as possible, but like good comrades respecting the points of difference.

The New Woman is frequently a married woman, compelled a man's work in order to provide a home and education for her children. She is clever enough to do that work so well as to relieve its drudgery with all the recreations and advantages of her less burdened sisters, and to earn the reputation of being "a wonderful woman "-the New Woman!

FRANCES M. BENSO

Women as Readers.

JT6HE new woman reads a different class of books from her predecessor, thoughtful librarians tell us. Librarians and their istants were at first amused when asked by a tiny blonde with big sleeves for a book upon some weighty subject and winked at h other while they dusted off the book. But after two or three years passed and the demand remained, they cased to wink at "the fad" and the books on sociology and political science were moved from the top shelves of the "men's side" down to the low shelves of the "women's." The American woman, by her reading, is developing marvelously in a political way and attaining such knowledge as will make her a power in influencing the home circle even if it has no effect in helping her to obtain suffrage.

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THE FAMILY.

At first the pages of the book Are blank and purely fair, But time soon writeth memorie And painteth pictures there.

Love is the little golden clasp That bindeth up the trust; O, break it not, lest all the leaves Shall scatter and be lost.

His Sister's Sister.

"WHAT you got, Dannel? A letter

"Yes; it's somethin' for you, Hannah."
"Good land! Who's been writin' to me? I hain't had a letter I can't tell the time when. I'm a'most afraid to open it, Mebbe it's got bad news.

"Bad news! Who from, I'd like to know? You're alwuz nethin' gloor

Well, there's a good deal that's gloomy in this world. You know that's well as I do."

Yes, Hannah, 'n there's a good deal that ain't, too." He seldom spoke with so much vigor and decision when differing

You'd better open it 'n read it to me; I don't feel as ef I

Daniel Marstin sat down in the old rocker by the west win-It was almost sunset. Beautiful shafts of red light threw themselves over his thin, small figure and his head, with its scanty grey hair.

tore open the envelope with his finger, but the letter not come out. "I'm 'fraid I shall tear it all to pieces, would not come out.

There! let me take it; I'll try'n see what I can do. I'm dreadful afraid somebody's dead."
"I s'pose somebody is somewhere," said Daniel, with a

quick, short-lived twinkle lighting up his pale blue eyes.
"Good land! who do you think wants to come"

Dannel?

"Cousin Angienette?" ventured Daniel, timidly

"Now, how come you to be thinkin' o' her?" asked his sister, with considerable asperity of manner. "You ain't been readin' right through the letter, like some o' them folks up in the city the papers tell about, have ye?"

"I came across a little picter vesterday in the

ne across a little picter yesterday in the green chist up in the garret, that she sent me a good many years ago, jest afore she got married. I guess she was kind o' in my mind. She used to be the chipperest girl 't I ever see in my life, 'n she had such pretty curly hair."

Twas red," said Hannah

Well, 't want real red, kind o' pink."

"We're too old to be chipper now, any of us. I don't see how I can have her, no way, Dannel; we ain't seen her this ten

"Wouldn't she kind o' liven us up?" asked Daniel, timidly. We don't see many folks, you know."
"Ef you're tired o' havin' your pore old sister 'round, I s'pose

I can write 'n have a stranger come 'n take my place.'

Hannah's voice trembled, and her eyelid's grew red, one tear gathering force enough to trickle slowly down her cheek like a

selender rill, which has no great source behind it.

"I guess I wouldn't think anything about it, then—perhaps
she might make ye some work. I didn't know but she could help
along with the quiltin'; she used to be a master hand at sewin'. I could tackle up 'n go to the deepo for her as well as not, now I'm through with the hayin'."

You'll have to write the letter, Dannel. I don't seem feel like it, my stomach's so weak. I s'pose I shall be sorry I had her come. I don't want her meddlin' with my cookin'."

That day week the three cousins were seated in the best room. It was a big box of a room, and had a musty odor, it was so seldom opened. Two large, old maples shaded the windows, and grew so near that they seemed like grim sentinels, forbidding the entrance of heaven's light and breath.

"I don't see's vou look much older 'n you did ten or fifteen years ago, Angienette," said Daniel, as he crossed one leg over the other, and tried to make himself stationary in the slippery

orse-hair chair with its hard, unyielding seat.
"Well, I don't know's I feel old; I've got good health 'n seven nice children! There ain't nothin' they don't try to do for me, sence their poor father died. But I'm fifty-five next month.

That's older 'n you, Hannah, by three years."

"I hain't never had sech health as you've hed," said Han as she left the low chair and took a seat in one, the back of which

was tall and straight and stiff. Her figure was lithe and firm, and her complexion, though colorless, had the hue of health.

Why, you never was sick but once, Hannah," said her

her, "'n that was more 'n twenty year ago."
"Well, I ain't been real sick, but I don't seem to feel so strong as I was. I git dreadful tired washin' 'n ironin' the same

"I sh'd think you would," said her cousin; "what makes ye do it

Good land! I alwuz did. Yau don't s'pose I'm goin' to have it 'round two days, do ye, for jest Dannel 'n me 'n Hiram; I want to set down Tuesdays. I'm piecin' calico to make some quilts. I'd ought to make three this Fall, ef I ken." quilts.

"I'll take holt 'n help, ef ye want me to, Hannah—ef I shan't be in the way; I like to sew."

"'Air your eyes good?"
"Eyes good? Why, yes, of course, they be; what's to hender? I don't never use glasses, nuther; I was always sort o' near-sighted, you know. Some say them kind of eyes is stronger 'n others; I don't know. Why, ye ain't feelin' like an

roman yet, are ye?"
"Trouble makes folks feel old, Angienette. in the Spring, 'n our chickens ain't done well this Summer. Five died, or more; we'd ought to hev fifty, ef they'd done well."
"We've got some beauties left," said Daniel, "'n the man

that keeps the hotel up by the lake says he'll take all we can spare, 'n give a cent a pound more'n anybody else will. money's all Hannah's, though. I don't want none of it. She works hard enough runnin' after 'em."

He did not say that a good share of the running after was done by himself, save on the few occasions when he cha

The second week in September had come, and cousin Angieette's visit was almost over. She was to leave the next day

"I wish you'd ride up to the lake with me to-morro Sim Perkins has I'm goin' to see about a shoat. got a nice one, 'n I want it ef he don't charge too much.

"I hadn't ought ter leave Hannah; she's got the bread to bake 'n the kitchen floor to wash, 'n I don't know what else."

You go right 'long!" said Hannah, in what was for her a cheery tone. "There ain't any more work than what I kin very cheery tone. You've helped me so much sence you've been here, that I more like what I used to be than I have this ten year. I declare for 't, Angienette, I'd got to be so down-hearted I didn't be one thing nor annuther. I thought I wanted n I believe in my heart 'twas you I wanted all the time; 'n

el, he ain't been so chirked up I don't know when."
'I s'pose you want to start early, Dannel," said his cousin "I was calkilatin' ef we could hev breakfast by half-past five so, we might get off about half-past six, while it's cool; we're oin' to hev a hot day, jedgin' from the signs. The sun set

awful red to-night." A thin mist hovered over the earth, and the grass was heavy with dew. The air, already autu tops with ashen veils, softening the tints and blurring the outlines The old wagon, with its worn buffalo covering hanging over the back of the seat, was drawn by Daniel Marstin's twenty-year-old mare. She jogged along with the reins dangling more loosely over her neck than ever, if could be; and the little frequent jerk was missing this morning. The wisdom of this laxity in dis-cipline was apparently questioned, for the conscientious animal at length stopped short and turned her head to look at the couple Seeing that her master was in the usual place, she broke behind. into a gentle, satisfied trot.

The lake was in view, and the air grew more invigorating, As they neared the water's edge the sun burst forth and pou down on the glassy surface a shower of diamonds.

ves curled up on the segment of beach, and a soft breeze stirred the little ringlets under Angienette's straw bor which had been trimmed by the village milliner only the day before. "Go 'long, Jenny," said Daniel. "She don't care much for what I say," he added, looking across the water to the dark in beyond.

That's 'cause you're gentle with her, Dannel. I guess you

abused a dumb animal."

No, I couldn't do that." Then, after a pause, "I alwuz thought, Angie, that somehow I'd ought to a' bin married, ef I'd only found anybody that would a' cared about me. But I s'pose it's too late to be thinkin' o' that now.'

"You ain't sixty yit, Dannel."

No, but I'm close onto it. Go 'long, Jenny.

"You ain't called me Angie before sence the day I told you I'd sent you my ambrotype. I never knew whether you got it,

Well, I couldn't seem to make up my mind to say anythingabout it, but it's rolled up in a little silk handkerchief I meant to sent ye for a weddin' present. My courage kind o' give out, so ye never hed it. Go 'long, Jenny.'

"Couldn't I hev it n

Do ye want it, Angie?

Daniel looked from out the tail of his eye at the ound cheek with its pink tinge and saw two tears pouring down.

"Whoa, Jenny. I don't know's you'd do it, Angie, but-can't ye come back 'n live with us in the old house after ye've bin home 'n seen the folks? Hannah, she would be dreadful pleased

would—to be her sister, ye know, Angie."
'I was jest thinkin' o' that, Dannel—I didn't kno she'd take it.

I know-she told me yisterday she'd be right glad to hev

"Then, as ye both want me, I'll come, Dannel." And a robin teetered along and with a glad chirrup circled up

in the air, to tell the other birds all about it. The Blue Wrapper.

Do not forget that when you receive your QUEEN OF FASHION in a blue wrapper, it means that your subscription expires with that issue and that we hope you will renew it promptly.

Cut your nails on Monday, cut them for news Cut them on Tuesday, a pair of new shoes; Cut them on Wednesday, cut them for health; Cut them on Thursday, cut them for wealth; Cut them on Friday, cut them for wee; Cut them on Saturday, a journey you'll go., Cut them on Sunday, you'll cut them for evil, For all the next week you'll be ruled by the devil.

Marry Monday, for wealth; rry Tuesday, for health; Wednesday, the best day of all: Marry Thursday, for crosses Marry Friday, for losses; Marry Saturday, pride shall have a fall; Marry Sunday, and one day you'll wish it undo

Born on a Monday, Fair of face: Born on a Tuesday, Full of God's grace Born on a Wednesday, Merry and glad Born on a Thursday, Sour and sad; Born on a Friday, Godly given; Born of a Saturday, Worlf for a living Born of a Sunday, Never shall want; So there's the week And the end on't.

Sneeze on a holiday, you sneeze for danger: Sneeze on a Tuesday, you'll kiss a stranger: Sneeze on a Wednesday, you sneeze for a let sneeze on a Thursday, for something better; eeze on a Friday, you sneeze for se seze on a Saturday, your sweetheart to-morrow Sneeze on a Sunday, your safety seek— The devil will have you the whole of the week.

A Story with a Moral.

THE DEAD WIFE.

THE HOUR set for the funeral had come. The hearse, with its black plumes, stood at the farm-house door. strange and foreign thing among the bright-colored hollyhocks, onplace sunshine, the lowing of cows in the barn-yard. nd the chickens that moved about upon the green lawn before The wagons of the neighboring farmers filled the road, for the Garretts were much respected.

Mrs. Garrett, who had just died, was a "home body" and

saw but little of her neighbors, but her husband had grow do by great industry and close saving, and had pushed his children on in the world.

John, his only son, had been to college, and the girls to ding-school, and they were so improved that they seemed to

belong to quite another class from their mother.

They stood with their father at the coffin to look for the last time at the woman who lay there.

Your mother was a pretty woman when she the farmer had said. It had startled him to see how thin and withered her face was under the white hair.
"Sarah's only fifty," he continued. "She hadn't ought to

look so old." He had not thought of her looks when she was There was a certain sullen resentment under his grief that

she was dead. How was he to do without her? She was a master d at cooking, butter-making, laundrywork and sewing. He had never thought to ask her if she needed help. She had never complained, and to complete her work she had risen at four and had gone to bed late at night. Things always ran smoothly. She never spoke of being ill. It stunned him when she took this cold and sank under it in two days. The doctor said that all her strength was gone. "Sarah had the strength of ten women," cold and same winds are strength was gone. "Sarah had the strength was gone at the husband said. "Where had it gone?"
the husband said. "Where had it gone?"

Was this the justice of God,

take away a woman so useful in the world? It was not right!

Her daughter sobbed vehemently. Mother had always been tender! She did so much for them! They did not, it is true, feel well acquainted with her since they had grown up. tween their music and their studies and their young comp and other social occupations, their lives had been filled! They smoothed the folds of her merino gown, a little ashamed that the neighbors should see that she had no silk dress. She had insisted that each of them should have silk gowns, and had helped to make them

Jack, the son, like his father was shocked to see how tired and worn his mother looked. He had talked for a year or two of aking her for a week to New York. She had never seen a great But he always had some engagement. He remembered city. now that she had made enough in the dairy to keep him in spend-ing money at college. He wished he had contrived that little noliday for her! They all felt now how good and unselfish she had been, and how dear to them.

Why should she be taken from us?" the old man moaned, rly. "It is cruel. Why has God done this thing?"
And the dead woman lying there, her lips closed forever,

could make no answer save that which toil had stamped upon the thin, worn face that seemed pleading for rest.

A New Book.

T TAKES a woman to describe a woman: Sara Jeannette Duncan has given the reading world another one of her deli-cious character sketches in the person of "Vernon's Aunt"—a strictly correct, energetic maiden lady who has made the most of her opportunities in a small, orthodox community. At a mis-sionary tea "Vernon's Aunt" conceives the idea of going to India, not as a missionary but rather as an inspector of miss aries, and incidentally of a wandering nephew. It is this tri It is this trip of which the book treats mainly, and it isn't a bad volume for the shelves of a missionary society, but the real interest centres in the humorous seriousness of the treatment of "Vernon's Aunt."



Ladies' Tea Jacket.

(4145)
NE OF the prettiest possible designs for a "negligee," to slip on over a black silk skirt, and in which to receive one's intimate friends.

Pale pink crepon trimmed in black lace, or bluet with velvet ribbon and cream lace, are exquisite combinations.

Black crepon makes a pretty jacket, trimmed with bands of

black lace over shell pink, cerise, or reseda green ribbon.

The McCall Tea Jacket Pattern No. 4145 is cut in 8 sizes,

for ladies from 32 to 46 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 4 yards material 36 inches wide, or 53/4 yards 22 inches. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Waist Pattern No. 4186 is cut in 5 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 40 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 434 yards material 44 inches wide, or 632 yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circum-



Ladies' Silk Waist.

(4186)
TTHESE waists will be more popular than ever as warm weather approaches. Plaids are in great favor at present, but the plaids are usually those in which the combination of colors is somewhat subdued and the shades neutral in tint.

A silver grey ground, crossed by slender bars of black and white with a single line of vivid red, or greyish-blue with markings of black, steel and a thread of orange, are among the Spring sales For further description of No. 4186 see medium above.



Ladies' Shirt Waist.

(4195)

THE days of the comfortable shirt waist and trim jacket and skirt are rapidly approaching.

This pattern is identical with that of the \$3.65 shirt waist—

the best on the market—shown at the Spring openings.

These high priced waists, command a ready sale because of

the excellence of their fit, and the novelty of the combination of material used. Pale blue, pink, yellow or old rose chambray, with embroidered sprays of white, are made up with pure white collar and cuffs as stiff and glossy as starch can make them. The box plait is also treated to a touch of cold starch, but the rest of waist is only to be stiff enough to give a gloss in ironing.

The McCall Shirt Waist Pattern No. 4195 is cut in 7 sizes,

for ladies from 32 to 44 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 334 yards material 36 inches wide, or 434 yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circu stances, be exchanged.



Ladies' Spring Cape.

A stylish wrap of moire and ivory lace points, also shown in velvet with a different lace trimming in the medium on the

Jet trimmings are of course effective as well as expensive, and a cape of the same cloth as the Spring suit, lined with silk and interlined with stiffening to preserve the flare, and edged or pointed with jet, will be a modest and yet showy Easter wrap.

For further description of No. 4196 see medium below.

4196

The McCall Cape Pattern No. 4196 is cut in 3 sizes, small, medium and large, and requires, for the medium size, 1 1/4 yards material 36 inches wide, or 2 1/4 yards 24 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Box-Plaited Waist Pattern No. 4202 is cut in 5 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 40 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 3% yards material 44 inches wide, or 5% yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



4203

The McCall Skirt with Box-Plaited Front Pattern No. 4203 is cut in 5 sizes, for ladies from 22 to 30 inches waist measure, and requires, for the medium size, 8 yards material 44 inches wide, or 11½ yards 27 inches. Price 30 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct waist measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



4202 4203

See "Our \$10 or \$15 Suit." Page 102-3d Column

Ladies' Box-Plaited Costume.

NE of the most attractive costumes shown this Spring, in fancy cheviot or silk finished novelties.

Shaped box plaits are put on separately on both waist and skirt. On the waist they droop in front French blouse fashion, but are drawn smoothly into the belt at the back.

The skirt is 433 yards around the bottom, with a desirable side flare and four graceful godet back gores gathered into the belt. If preferred, these gores may be box-plaited down, or arranged to stand out from the belt.

Each piece forming a front plait to the skirt, is put on by folding the edges together and sewing them into a seam. Extra fulness can be gained by leaving these seams open say if of a yard from the hem up, and joining the sides of each plait to the corresponding sides of the seam. This will do away with a set rance, and yet preserve the identity of the box plait.

Jet Vandykes are very effective, but silk passementerie or ding will make a stylish trimming at one-third the cost. For further description see Nos. 4202 and 4203 on this page.



Ladies' Nightdress.

Loadies' Nightdress, with fancy yoke of all-over embroidery, and deep shoulder and sleeve ruffles, edged with narrow embroidery.

The McCall Nightdress Pattern No. 4188 is cut in 7 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 44 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 5½ yards material 44 inches wide, or 6½ yards 36 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Tea Gown Pattern No. 4179 is cut in 5 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 40 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 8½ yards material 44 inches wide, or 10 yards 27 inches. Price 35 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Ladies' Silk Underskirt.

CHANGEABLE taffetas, so enthusiastically received last summer, have found a rival in dark ground silks with a hair stripe or small figure in some delicate tint. Pale blue and black leads, then lavender and black.

The ruffles are made wider or narrower, according to individual taste, but there are never more than two. Silk ruffles with lace edgings are popular—especially when set over an under ruffle the color of the stripe in the skirt.

The new underskirts have the flare and fulness in the back to correspond with dress skirts.

The McCall Silk Underskirt Pattern No. 4183 is cut in 5 sizes, for ladies from 22 to 30 inches waist measure, and requires, for the medium size, 8 yards material 24 inches wide. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct waist measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Ladies' Dressing Sacque.

ADIES' Dressing Sacque, with French back and half fitting front which may be made into a tight-fitting front by taking up the darts indicated on the pattern.

up the darts indicated on the pattern.

The McCall Dressing Sacque Pattern No. 4187 is cut in 7 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 44 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 3 ½ yards material 44 inches wide, or 5 yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.

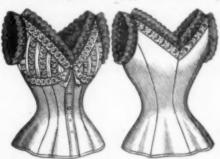


Ladies' Tea Gown.

A HOUSE gown that the Easter bride or the young woman fond of entertaining informally, will hail with delight. To be made with high neck or square neck, as the wearer prefers.

Shell pink, canary yellow or cream white crepon, with wide ruffling of cream lace, will make a dainty gown for careful wear; figured challies or the new silk chambray (wash material) with perforated pattern flouncings instead of lace, a dressy gown for more serviceable wear.

For further description of No. 4179 see medium on this page.



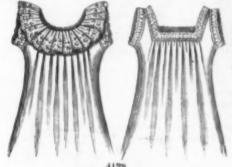
The McCall Corset Cover Pattern No. 4184 is cut in 7 sizes, for ladies from 32 to 44 inches bust measure, and requires, for the medium size, 1½ yards material 36 inches wide. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct bust measure, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Chemise Patterns No. 4189 is cut in 3 sizes, small, medium and large, and requires, for the medium size, 2½ yards material 36 inches wide for each. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall White Skirt Pattern No. 4204 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2¼ yards material 36 inches wide. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Misses' Chemise.

M ISSES' Chemiae, with round or square neck. Trim the round neck with a wide, full ruffle of lace, embroidery, or muslin edged with embroidery; the square neck with embroidered edging fulled on.

The McCall Chemise Pattern No. 4198 is cut in 3 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 23/4 yards material 36 inches wide. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be servanced.



The McCall Nightdress Fattern No. 4199 is cut in 3 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 4¾ yards material 36 inches wide. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



THE THINGS THAT ARE YET TO BE.

Sons say this world is an old, old world, But it's always been new to me; With its boundless range of ceaseless chan And hope of things to be. A new friend takes my hand When the old ones pass away; The old days die, but the light in the sky Is the dawn of another day.

ne say this world is a cold, cold world, But it's always been bright to me; Some say this world is a cold, cold world,
But it's always been bright to me;
With its hearthstone fires and warra desires
For the things that are yet to be,
And if I must abor, I wait,
And trust to the fields I have sown;
For I know there is truth in the promise of youth;

I will sometime come to my own

Some say this world is a sad, sad world, Some say this world is a sad, and world,
But it's always been glad to me;
For the brook never laughs like my soul when it quaffs
And feasts on the things to be
The night comes on with its rest;
The morning comes on with its song;
The hours of grief are few and brief,
But Joy is a whole life long.

ome say this world is a bad, bad world.
But it's always been good to me;
lith its errors there live dear hearts that
And hope for the things to be,
his world is not old nor coid;
This world is not sad nor bad; arts that forgive, This

rou look to the right, forgetting the night, And say to your soul, "Be glad."

In the Daughter's Room.

A GIRL'S room is an indication of the character of its occupant. If it is bare and cheerless, she is a girl with no es within herself, constantly seeking entertain ent outside her home; if it is littered with cast-off garments and hastily used



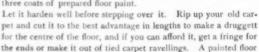
toilet articles, with grimy windows and dusty hangings, it because the young lady is satisfied so long as her hair is in curl, her newest ribbon at her throat and she, herself, showing off to good advantage. She shuts the door on her indolent, disorderly habits, which like some other nox ious things, thrive in the dark,

A girl ought to have a pretty dainty room, simply but coaily furnished, where she can spend an hour or two every day in peace as quiet, with her work, her books nd her little personal interests and

belongings. The girl herself should make the fittings for her nd take the care of it. She must be taught to sweep regularly, to keep the bed spread and pillow

wrinkled, to laundry the curtains just about once in so often, and to dust every day. To teach all this to her without making drudgery of it, -give her a pretty room.

First as to the carpetis rugs are preached by all the h papers, but rugs are seldom used outside the cities. A worn, turned, patched carpet too often finds its way into the daughter's room n't let it when you clean hou this Spring. If you haven't a good carpet to spare, paint a wide bor-der around the floor with two or three coats of prepared floor paint.





needs to be washed up once a week; if the daughter has pretty hands she will object to this, and will plead for a wide strip of matting instead paint. Matting must be swept up with the grain of the straw, and by a long handled pristle brush or a broom enclosed in a bag, to prevent chipping off.

After the carpeting comes the curtaining. Dotted muslin sash curtains in pure

white are the best next the window, where flowered silkolene so quickly fades and soils, and loses its identity with washing. If

you want a touch of color, use the silkolene, cotton crepe or cretor as the inside draping. Sash curtains should be stretched on small rods or wires; string or tape sag with using. The inside drapery must be hung from a pole, even if that pole is only a broomstick enamelled and gilded

The daintiest color scheme for an sleeping room, is yellow and white; the most striking durable is china blue and white. Blue and white is so popular



that the most desirable and the least expensive furnishings, come in these colors. Crefonnes, Japanese crepes in these conineteen cents a yard, silkolene nine cents.

The drapery for the dressing table and over the bed should be of silkolene—crepes and cretonnes are too heavy. The dressing table in the illustration is simply a dry goods box covered with china blue silesia over which is hung a blue and white silkolene, with a top spread of scrim that can be washed and starched and ironed every eek if need be. On the inside of this box put one wide, deep shelf, and paint the whole inside twice over with white enamel paint. Sandpaper the frame of the mirror and give it two ooth coats of the paint, being careful not to daub the glass.

There is nothing sweeter and cleaner looking on a bed than white

spread and pillow shams, but the present fad in furnishing calls for a cretonne coverlid, and a long Turkish roll instead of pillows, covered with a piece of the coverlid.

The sofa-box catch-all is a convenience that room must be made for. Take two boxes, one low and long, the other deep and narrow, brace them firmly together and nail a back board in place.

Cover the outside with a layer of cotton batting tacked here and there; line with silesia, stretched tight, and gather cretonne or crepon for the outside covering. The lids are swung on hinges, and padded with a half dozen layers of cotton; put the outside cover-ing on and "tack" it as you would a com One box may be used for shoes and the other for soiled clothes serve as a sewing box hat boxes. A college



Another convenience is the case for umbrellas and para made of cretonne, divided in sections and tacked securely to the closet door. Bind all the edges with tape, and run a strip of tape between the sections, stitching through it for firmness. And finally, contrive a window desk with a wide, smooth

rd that just fits in the easing, and projects far enough to make room for a tray of writing materials, a dictionary, and a pad of ordinary memorandum paper. Paint the board and cover it with a big, blue blotter. Tack up on the casing at one side, a recep tacle for unanswered letters, and a calendar; on the other, a par-titioned box holding stationery, postal cards, etc.—and over all, swing the daughter's pet canary, or a pot or two of her favorite

Send for our 32-page Premium Catalogue-just out. Remarkably beautiful and useful premiums offered for just a few sub-scriptions. See page 111, this paper.

Dont's for Wives.

DON'T expect impossibilities from your husband.

Don't snub him in the presence of strangers. Don't henpeck him just because you know he is quiet and will stand it.

Don't treat him as if you had come down off a pedestal to

Don't worry him to death because you cannot have your dearwish granted.

Don't run to your mother with all his faults; rather keep his good qualities to light and hide his failures.

Don't think that now you are married he doesn't care whether

you curl your hair or not. Don't expect him to be amiable with a breakfast of tough

steak, greasy potatoes, cold rolls and muddy coffee. Don't have cold suppers. Remember the nearest way to a man's heart is through his stomach.

Don't sit up waiting for your husband. Go to bed; get all sleep you can. In the morning when you are looking and feeling your best, if you have anything to say, say it; nine chances out of ten you will win.

Our Regular \$10 or \$15 Suit.

(See Nos. 4202-4203, Page 100.)

(See Nos. 4202—4203, Page 100.)

PRING Fabrics are reasonable enough unless one cannot be content without a crepon. Crepons, of course, are the thing, but good ones come high. From \$2.00 to \$4.50 a yard is the way the prices range, for the crinkly, silky things.

Cheviots are the good old standbys with new faces. First come the French cheviots in a fine, salt and pepper, three toned mixture of two shades of brown and white, light and dark blue with grey, etc., 54 inches wide, 75 cents a yard; then the covert cheviots smooth and soft, with the same shades blended in lines instead of tiny dots, 46 inches wide, 65 cents a yard; and finally, the German cheviots in large coarse mixture, though with a smoother face than the French goods. The German cheviots are 40 inches wide and 49 cents a yard, and with one or two exceptions, the designs are more effective than in the other two materials.

Our box-plaited front costume Nos. 4202—4203, page 100, is illustrated in a black fancy weave cheviot with jet points—a suit then can easily be made to cost four times the average amount, jets are so expensive—but the same idea carried out in a fine novelty with silk passementerie or braided points, will make as charming a costume as anyone need wish.

French cheviot will look best with braiding—a blue-grey and white with black, or a brown mixture with dark brown braid.

The box plaits call for an extra amount of goods, about twelve yards of 44 inch material being required for waist and skirt.

 Twelve yards of French Cheviot at 65 cents, is.
 \$7.80

 Linings, as given in our last paper.
 3.15

 Braid and stamping.
 1.00

 Patterns for waist and skirt.
 55

Total cost for everything\$12.50

And the newest, nobbiest suit to be had for anything like the

Remember!

That every new subscriber is entitled to a free pattern any time she may select it.

Making Over Boys' Clothes.

JITHE WOMAN with a small income finds the clothing of her active, growing boy, a serious responsibility. She would not, on any account, check his high spirits, his exercise and development, but the exercise, however profitable to his body, is extremely wearing on his clothes. A boy cannot be expected to change his coat and trousers every time he wants to play leap-frog or climb a tree, and to take off his school-suit when he comes home, as a girl does, would be absurd. Besides, he doesn't come home as a rule, until it is time to eat his supper and go to bed. Therefore, he must be supplied with clothes that will pass muster at school, and yet be comfortable enough for base ball and shinny.

"Cut-down" clothes are pretty nearly as much of an affliction to the average boy as a home-made hair cut. It is a duty you owe to his self-respect, to make those clothes fit and hang as well as possible, even if you have to hunt up a tailor and take a few leswell as ons in finishing. Dressmaking and tailoring are two distinct branches of the trade.

In turning, cutting down and making over, don't begin unless you have good strong cloth. Thin, worn goods are like tow before the fire of a healthy boy's movements. Good cloth will wash in an ordinary suds; it may take a second suds and a rinsing or two, to get all the dirt out. Shake the wrinkles out, roll in a cloth until nearly dry, then press on what will be the rong side with a moderately hot iron. Hang over a line unoroughly dry—and avoid wrinkling by handling when damp, Hang over a line until. thorou

Having made sure of your materials, the next thing is to have good pattern. Don't get the coat too narrow across the chest; better have it a little broad to start on, and allow for the filling out that takes place in a few months' time.

In cutting the coat, cut the cloth first (by the pattern), then

cut the lining by the cloth—the same size. Baste and stitch up each separately, so that when put together the seams of the lining will be turned in toward the seams of the cloth. Press open the seams of cloth and lining, before basting the lining to the cloth.

Baste the facings on smoothly, so they won't twist or pull; stitch down evenly and press on the wrong side with a hot iron, with a damp cloth laid over the goods. Trousers are turned up for a instead of being faced, and ready-made pants are usually lined up the fronts only, to protect the knees from wear. It would seem advisable to line them all through and save the wear all d, but for warm weather, facings top and bottom are me comfortable.

Give the young man plenty of pockets-square, deep and strong, made double and with two rows of stitching, so that if one row gives out, the other will hold. Then he won't be continually losing knives and marbles, or begging for a stitch or two just

when you are rocking baby to sleep or kneading down bread.

Buttons should be sewed on with linen thread, waxed, and sewed over a pin which can be removed when the sewing is done; wind the thread around the strand until it is perfectly firm, then fasten the thread securely on the under side. It is surprising how many mothers know nothing about sewing buttons on in this way, and how many neglect the square of strong, double lining under-neath the goods as a stay for the button. If this is forgotten, there will probably be nothing left to fasten the next button to, unless it is a patch.

Bone and gutta percha buttons are good enough for any common suit. Cloth covered buttons are a delusion and a snare, wearing off in a few weeks, and making an otherwise good suit

shabby.

Braid binding has the same objectionable quality, so be sure to get the best and strongest braid on the market, or your best efforts to make a durable suit will be so much labor wasted.

A good finish for made-over coats, is to have a row of stitching all around, a half or three-quarters of an inch from the edge, except on the sleeves, where the stitching should be in a double row, the depth of a cuff.

Drawn Work for Infants' Outfits.

By Mrs. S. E. Criss-Wise.

PRAWN work as a delicate bordering for handkerchiefs, doilies, cushion covers, etc., is pretty generally found within reach of the clever woman's hand as pick-up work for leisure moments, and new designs passed on from friend to friend as special favors, soon become common in a neighborhood.

In the several articles which I shall get together within the year especially for the QUEEN OF FASHION, I shall make a point of giving strictly new and original designs, beautiful, yet simple enough for the average worker.

In my exhibit, which took the prize at the World's Fair, I had the largest sized bed spreads, dinner cloths, and whole sets of underwear, almost solid with needlework, proving conclusively that drawn work need not be confined to small articles.

For this occasion, however, I have chosen certain designs for infants' wear, knowing the happy hours spent by young mothers in fashioning the dainty wee garments.

First, I have given two yokes; the front half of the square yoke speaks for itself, the other half is in two pieces for a robe buttoned in the back. The round yoke or collar is in the one piece, and is easily cut out and fitted to the neck.



ROUND YOKE.

A narrow trimming, for sleeves, sashes, and bonnet ties, is given for each yoke, and of course this same trimming can be made wider if desired for a finish above the hem of the robe.

A wide skirt trimming in a different pattern is shown by way

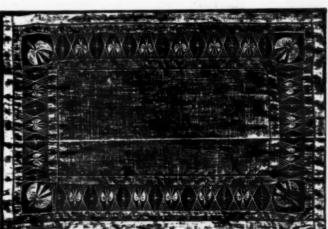


SLEEVE BAND

of variety—and indeed the designs and combinations of designs are practically unlimited.

are practically unlimited.

The "butterfly" pattern for baby's pillow is one of the prettiest and most unique ever wrought by skillful fingers. "Butterflies" have dotted the borders, but until now, no one has put such perfect representations in the corners. Vet it is not so difficult



BABY'S PILLOW,

after all; it simply required inventive genius, and a love of needlework.

I wonder if it has ever occurred to the readers of THE QUEEN OF FASHION that the most exquisite lace work in hand-made laces

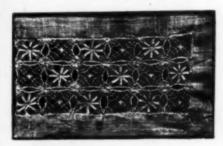


FRONT OF SQUARE YOKE

and drawn work, is done by women into whose lives nothing else beautiful ever comes. The lace workers of Europe are the starved

stolid peasant women, almost stupid in their slavery to work, and the exquisite Mexican drawn work originated among the poorest and lowest of the Agree classes.

What do the Mexican women earn by it? Twentyfive cents a day and their board, when they go out by the day. As a rule they dislike to work by the day, for then they miss their regular noonday siesta (nap)

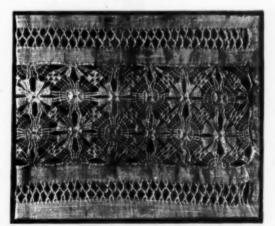


SLEEVE BAND.

and are not allowed to otherwise idle away the time, as it is in the Mexican nature to do.

Do they ruin their sight at the fine needlework? They do not sit constantly at it; resting at frequent intervals, no matter what work they are engaged upon, is as much a part of the routine as the work itself. It is rarely the case that an aged Mexican woman wears glasses; the younger ones, never. The majority of

glasses; the younger ones, never. The majority of them have strong eyes, in spite of generations of apparent abuse. It is like the tooth brush fallacy; a tooth brush is almost unknown



SKIRT TRIMMING.

among them, and no race of people have whiter, more beautiful teeth, than these careless children of nature.

It is from nature that they get their designs for the drawn work; spider webs, birds' nests, insects, flowers, leaves and fruits are adroitly stitched in, and the designs handed down from generation to generation. When a new pattern is invented, which is oftenest done through a mistake, there is great rejoicing in the family and it is kept a secret as long as possible.

is kept a secret as long as possible.

The beauty, durability and artistic results of their industry is becoming more and more appreciated, and the prizes awarded this work at the Columbian exposition, have been a great incentive to these people, and served to double their energy and interest.

For Book of 500 Mexican Drawn Work Patterns, Price 50c., Address Mrs. S. E. Criss-Wise, 96 5th Ave., New York City.



A Plain Talk

The Desire to be beautiful, to present a pleasing exterior, is, by a kind provision of Nature, inborn in the breast of every woman.

If she be the fortunate possessor of a good complexion, its care and preservation is a subject of all absorbing interest to her; but be she homely, or the unfortunate victim upon whose features accident or inheritance has implanted a blemish in one form or another, the science and art of Dermatology is even more a matter of interest, as it affords the means of relief.

While much time, labor and expense are incurred by the sex in the hope of preserving and improving the complexion, the efforts in this direction in a majority of instances are wasted, because the peculiar social, physiological and hygienic conditions upon which the beauty and permanence of the complexion so largely depend, are utterly disregarded, and immediate effect, at whatever cost or sacrifice, is the sole aim and object.

Women eagerly scan the advertising columns of the daily newspapers in search of some cosmetic which the vender boldly proclaims to be a panacea for all the local ills which the skin is heir to. The advertisement sounds well, and the trusting reader having obtained the coveted prize, proceeds to inflict upon herself a course of self-treatment with a satisfaction and perseverance worthy of a better cause. Imagination is a wonderful assistant in these cases—for unless a distinctly bad effect shows itself, the hopeful patient imagines she sees quite a good deal of improvement.

The reader of advertisements is apt to forget that what is "one man's meat is another man's poison." For instance: there have recently appeared in the columns of our leading dailies a series of articles on the care and preservation of the complexion which attracted wide-spread interest. In a published interview, a prominent opera singer gravely informed her readers that she never washed her face (with soap and water) and extoled the virtues of a certain creamy grease to which she owed her perfect complexion. It is to be presumed that dozens of young ladies (and older ones, also) immediately rushed to the chemist's, for the wonderful article, and diligently rushed it in and wiped it off, until the oil glands of the skin were incited to double duty, resulting in a fine crop of down on feminine cheeks, and a frantic resort to depilatories more or less useless.

In the care of the complexion it is impossible to lay down

In the care of the complexion it is impossible to lay down any invariable rule. Habitual cleanliness is absolutely essential, though discretion must be used in the application of soap and water. A person with an oily skin will derive great benefit from frequent ablutions with a good soap, and water as warm as can be used with comfort, finally rinsing the face with cold water, followed occasionally by a spray of bay rum or lavender water. But when the skin is thin with a tendency to dryness, the frequent use of soap is to be deprecated. Extremes of temperatures should be avoided, using tepid water in bathing the face, as very warm applications attenuate the cuticle producing wrinkles, while extreme cold roughens and irritates it. I have seen the most disastrous results follow an ignorant, though systematic course of steaming in this class of cases.

steaming in this class of cases.

Much benefit will be derived also from an occasional application of a simple nutrient emollient like cocoa butter, but an injudicious use of cocoa butter clogs the pores of the skin.

No two skins can be blindly subjected to the same treat-

No two skins can be blindly subjected to the same treatment. The skin is a living, breathing organ, richly supplied with nerves, blood-vessels and glands, and its functions of secretion and excretion play a most important part in the maintenance of the animal economy. A large proportion of complexion disfigurements and imperfections are directly due to external causes, hence I cannot too strongly deprecate the indiscriminate use of cosmetics.

The wisest thing to do is to ask some one who knows some-

The wisest thing to do is to ask some one who knows something about skins in general, and your skin in particular, what is the best course for you to pursue, and then pursue it. The delicate nature of the formation and functions of the

The delicate nature of the formation and functions of the skin is such, and so intimately is it associated with the function of other internal organs, that the improvement and preservation of the complexion is largely dependent on the promotion and preservation of the health. Regularity of living with a sufficiency of exercise, supplemented by plenty of God's air and sunshine, will do more for you than all the "drugs and all the draps" on the market when it is merely a matter of sallow or a muddy skin.

Where anomalies of secretion or other causes result in a diseased condition of the skin, characterized by eruptions or discoloration, it is time to seek the services of a skilled physician and specialist. Thanks to the wonderful progress that has been made in the last decade, the resources of modern dermatology are almost unlimited.

Not only the cure of complexional diseases but the correction of disfigurements and facial anomalies and deformities hitherto considered hopeless, is rendered comparatively easy by modern methods of treatment.

The sensitive man or woman need no longer go about as an object of curiosity or sympathy, the worried mother no longer reproach herself for the child's inheritance of a bad skin, protruding ears, flattened nose, hare lip, or other seemingly indelible birthmarks and scars. Modern science holds out skillful hands for relief.

But modern science is never disguised as a penny-wise and pound-foolish, hasty "cure-all," at so much a box.

LEONARD F. PITKIN, M. D.



The McCall Norfolk Jacket Pattern No. 4094 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 3 yards material 44 inches wide, or 5 1/4 yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



4059
The McCall Three Piece Skirt Pattern No. 4059 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 3 yards material 44 inches wide, or 4½ yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Misses' Norfolk Suit. (4094-4059)

MODERNIZED pattern of an always welcome stand-by, with full sleeves and slightly rippled effect over the hips, instead of the old-time snug fit.

The Norfolk suit is one of the neatest and most serviceable of

street and school dresses, whether made up in granite mixtures

The sleeve is box-plaited on the shoulder, to correspond with the box-plaits on the waist.

For further description of Nos. 4094-4059 see mediums above.



Misses' New Shirt Waist.

(4194)

SHIRT WAIST of striped seersucker, figured percale, dotted lawn, or white India linen, edged with narrow embroidery.

The McCall Shirt Waist Pattern No. 4194 is cut in 3 sizes, nisses from 14 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 35% yards material 36 inches wide, or 4 yards 27 inches. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns, will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Misses' Costume.

IN LIGHT weight wool goods, with silk or velvet trimming.

New materials for Spring are anything but plain; they come in two tones interwoven in a rough surface, or a comparatively smooth surface splashed with silk figures. Crepons are too old for a young girl, though they are brought out on all occasions.

This costume requires 134 yards of velvet or silk for the revers, collar and sleeves, and seven yards of velvet ribbon for the skirt. A wide velvet ribbon in one long point down each seam skirt. would be more econmical, or the skirt trim ming could be omitted altogether



The McCall Costume Pattern No. 4201 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 5¼ yards material 44 inches wide, or 8¼ yards 27 inches. 25c.



Misses' Cape.

A PRETTY suit cape for a miss of from twelve to sixteen.

The body of the cape is shown in cloth, with high collar and cascaded revers of velvet. The broad pointed revers at the shoulder are met by a separate, shaped shoulder collar in the back.

The entire cape, as well as the collar and revers, is lined with silk and edged with a heavy threaded, narrow, cream lace. For a less expensive cape, the medium shows a simple one of

cloth, lined with silk, and braided in an easy pattern.

The McCall Cape Pattern No. 4193 is cut in 3 sizes, for wisses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2 yards material 54 inches wide, or 2¾ yards 36 inches. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Cape Pattern No. 4193 is cut in 3 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2 yards material 54 inches wide, or 2 ½ yards 36 inches, Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances be exchanged.



4200
The McCall Sleeve Pattern No. 4200 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2 ½ yards material 36 inches wide, or 2 ½ yards 27 inches. Price When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Knickerbocker Drawers Pattern No. 4205 is cut in 5 sizes, for misses from 12 to 16 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 1% yards material 36 inches wide. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as pat-terns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



Boy's Knickerbocker Suit.

(4180 - 4181 - 1182)

VELVET and corduroy come back into favor about once in so often.

The ruffled waist is quite the thing for dressy occasions, but for everyday wear the ruffles can be omitted from the front boxplait, and also from the collar.

Short pants buttoned at the knee, will be quite popular for Spring and Summer wear.

For further descriptions of Nos. 4180, 4181 and 4182, see mediums below.



The McCall Sacque Coat Pattern No. 4180 is cut in 7 sizes, for boys from 4 to 10 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 1½ yards material 54 inches wide, or 2½ yards 27 inches. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Blouse Waist Pattern No. 4181 is cut in 6 sizes, for little boys from 3 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2 yards material 36 inches wide, or 2 ½ yards 27 inches. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Knee Pants Pattern No. 4182 is cut in 4 sizes, for little boys from 4 to 7 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 3/4 yards material 54 inches wide, or 13/4 yards 27 inches. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Apron Pattern No. 4197 is cut in 5 sizes, for little girls from 4 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2% yards material 36 inches wide. Price 20 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



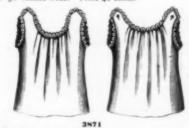
Infant's Improved Outfit.

IN MAKING up a set of baby's first clothes, the mother naturally wants patterns for everything at once, so she can plan the work ahead, and in buying material and trimmings save quite a considerable in purchasing by the quantity.

the work ahead, and in buying material and trimmings save quite a considerable in purchasing by the quantity.

Baby's robes and slips, white skirts and nightdresses, call for muslin or linen, as the mother can afford; the pinning blanket, long skirts, little shirts and morning wrapper, should be of baby flannel; the house sacks are pretty either of opera flannel or eiderdown, and the long cloak of fine twilled cashmere or fleecy eiderdown in a creamy white.

The McCall Infant's Improved Outfit Pattern No. 4185 is cut in one size, and each garment requires the following amount of material: No. 1, Nightdress, 1½ yards material 36 inches wide, or 2¾ yards 27 inches, and 2½ yards edging. No. 2, Sacque, ¼ yard material 27 inches wide. No. 3, Slip, 2½ yards material 36 inches wide. No. 4, Pinning Blanket, 1¾ yards material 36 inches wide. No. 5, Skirt, 1¾ yards material 36 inches wide. No. 6, Cape Cloak, 3¾ yards material 44 inches wide. or 5½ yards 27 inches, and 6¾ yards lining 22 inches wide. No. 7, Shirt, ¾ yard material 36 inches wide. No. 8, Robe, 2½ yards material 36 inches wide. Price 40 cents.



The McCall Chemise Pattern No. 3871 is cut in 5 sizes, for children from 3 to 7 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 13/4 yards material 36 inches wide. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Sailor Blouse Pattern No. 3766 is cut in 5 sizes for boys from 4 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 1½ yards material 44 inches wide, or 2½ yards 27 inches. Price 25 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



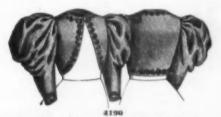
Girl's Eton Sailor Suit.

A CHARMING combination of a sailor blouse waist and full skirt which can be worn with or without the stylish Eton lacket.

The jacket and skirt can be made of plain goods if a less showy costume is desired, but the plaid skirt in quiet colors and velvet jacket ornamented with tiny pear luttons is quite fetching.

velvet jacket ornamented with tiny pearl buttons is quite fetching.

For further description of Nos. 4190, 4191 and 4192, see mediums below.



The McCall Eton Jacket Pattern No. 4190 is cut in 5 sizes, for little girls from 4 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 114 yards material 44 inches wide, or 214 yards 22 inches. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Blouse Waist Pattern No. 4191 is cut in 5 sizes, for little girls from 4 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 2½ yards material 36 inches wide, or 2½ yards 27 inches. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be exchanged.



The McCall Skirt with Waist, Pattern No. 4192 is cut in 5 sizes, for little girls from 4 to 8 years old, and requires, for the medium size, 134 yards material 44 inches wide, or 2 yards 27 inches. Price 15 cents. When ordering, be sure to send the correct size, as patterns will not, under any circumstances, be eachanged.



CONSTANCY.

When every one was tall, dear, With shoulders towering his Above the ears of all, dear, None worshipped you as I.

When every one was quiet, dear, In style of long ago, Then, too, you were my saint, dear, In frill and furbelow.

Now every one is stout, dear, And you, like all the rest, With shoulders spreading out, dear, And pointing east and west.

But still I love you true, dear, And—for you're not to blan Though fashion changes you, de I love you just the same.

Garnitures.

VERYBODY has been wearing simple stock collars, so the clever few who contrive to dress a little differently from other folks, have taken to ribbon garnitures, and by and by there will be no more stock-collars, everything will be ribbon bows and the clever few will have to look again for

bon trimming will come just in time The ribdecoration of dainty dimities and for the ed lawns, and the summer girl will vine-leavof belts, bows and collars in all coming shades, and no two of trimming alike.

For an early Spring gown of brown crepon, the ribbon collar of emerald green, has four le loops standing stiffly out at each side from a buckle of enamelled violets; and two ends caught to the dress just above the waist line by bunches of violets.

The m odest violet has been brought into such prominence within

the last two years that it no longer justifies its old time reputation.

Artificial bunches are tucked here and there on hats, lapels, and in and out of every conceivable ruffle or collarette, until one is perfectly safe in sewing the delicately tinted and perfumed silk or

velvet flower, in any nbination of colo that won't positively outshine it. The new est way to wear violets is to have the bunch arranged with some long stems and some ort ones, with the

'n.



shade, and tied with long ends and loops or a coquettish little knot. Tiny rosebuds, forget-me-nots and violets soon found ribbons the correct shade. Violet collarettes in particular, will



Look for the Easter Styles, in Our Next Number.

None of the McCall Bazar Patterns are illustrated in any other publications than our own

None of these celebrated patterns can be had, excepting from us, or our regularly appointed agents. Beware of imitations, If there is not an agency in your city or town, send direct to us, enclosing two-cent stamps or money order.

THE NEWEST velvet ribbons have a jetted edge, making them very effective for hat and dress trimmings.

A NOVELTY for waist trimming is in the shape of a narrow jet band made especially to edge a yoke and from this falls a cir-cular fringe of jet, or chenille ribbons tipped two or three inches The yoke is supposed to be a contrasting color, and veiled with jetted net.

OPEN WORK embroidered chiffons come in great variety, and

white embroidered with black, is used for light mourning.

Moire gauze in lovely pale shades is a new material for evening dresses, and decided moire effects are shown in the new

EVERYTHING, skirts, basques, capes, even hats and bonnets, has the godet fulness. Skirts are from four to six yards around the bottom for ordinary wear; sleeves do not puff out to such extremes but have as much goods as can be plaited in and laid under, so as to fall in heavy folds.

QUITE a new thing for underwear is the "combination trimming." This will be used very extensively for white underskirts, and is made of the finest white lawn. It has about five inches of plain goods to be fastened to the skirt with feather stitching, thus forming a hem. At the bottom of this comes a ruffle of finest embroidery; this is also about five inches wide, making a very elaborate as well as convenient trimming.

THE display of silk and wool golf plaids for the season is arkably rich. Some of the blocks are rather large, but are not at all gaudy in effect, there being far less of the genuine plaids than of blacks and stripes, which show only two colors, such as amber and geranium red, fawn and plum color, turquoise blue and apricot, silver and pine green, old rose, and Scotch grey.

The Indications Are:

THAT short jackets of cloth over bodices of silk will be widely worn a little later on :

That the overhanging French front for dress waists will their graceful outlines in all the new Spring gowns

That a shade of pale grey-blue is to be the popular spring color for tailor-made gowns

That too much lace can hardly be worn;

That the hat for street wear will be a round turban of dark t, trimmed in a profusion of crisp little black, bluette, and grey-blue wings and bird tails in a high pointed trimming on the

Spring Fabrics.

A LL the fancy, satin-smooth cloths of last season will be laid on the bargain counters very shortly, as everything this season will have a rough surface, and crepons in wide or narrow wrinkles, in honeycomb or crush pattern, are sure to be the material for wear on every occasion. The most beautiful are of interwoven wool and silk. Silk mohairs there are, and then countless varieties of light-weight cloths in soft melting shades of green, brown, fawn, mauve, grey blue, etc., interspersed with a series of woven dots, squares, and stripes in lighter or contrasting tints of silk. In truth, there will be scarcely a new sold or worn in the spring that will not be half woven of silk. Silk ginghams, silk cheviots, crepons, mohairs and even the soft wools and homespuns owe half their beauty to the warp or woof of silk.

Fashion's Laws About Mourning.

THE laws laid down by fashion for the wearing of mourning at present stand thus: For a widow, the duration is eighteen months, for one year of which crape is worn, for three months' silk, and for the last three months, half mourning. For a father or mother, or for a father-in-law or mother-in-law, nine months' crape, three months' silk, and three months' half mourning. For a child over seven, six months' crape, three months' silk, and three months' half mourning; while for grand-parents, brothers, sisters, brothers-in law, or sisters-in-law, three months' crape, three months crape, three months' silk, and three months' half mourning are the

Where Colors Come From.

JIGHE COCHINEAL insects furnish a great many of the very fine colors, among them the gorgeous carmine, the crimson, scarlet and purple lake. The cuttlefish gives the sepia. It is the inky fluid which the fish discharges in order to render the water opaque when attacked. Indian yellow comes from the camel. Ivory chips produce the ivory-black and bone-black. The exquisite Prussian blue is made by fusing horses' hoofs and other refuse animal matter with impure potass This color was discovered accidentally. Various lakes are derived from roots, barks and gums. Blue-black comes from the charcoal of the vine-stalk. Lamp-black is soot from certain resinous sub-Turkey red is made from the madder-plant, which grows in Hindustan.

The yellow sap of a tree in Siam produces gamboge; the natives catch the sap in cocoanut shells. Raw sienna is the natural Raw sienna is the natural earth from the neighborhood of Sienna, Italy. Raw umber is also an earth found near Umbria and burnt. India ink is made from burnt camphor. The Chinese are the only manufacturers of this ink, and they will not reveal the secret of its manufacture,

Dress Reform for Wet Weather.

VOU WOULDN'T dare to do it yourself, of course, but you wish somebody would start a rational, comfortable, healthful fashion of dressing in wet weather. A sensible woman has only to stand in a sheltered door-way on a rainy day watchhas only to stand in a sheltered door-

by for

ing the passers-

a few minutes to speedily conclusion that things to learn yet, and that to dress herself properly is one of them. It isn't necessary to compare woman with her draggled skirts half caught up in hands al-

ready fully occupied by a purse, two or three bundles and a refractory umbrella, with a man under similar conditions; we all know that he has only to turn up a few inches of hem; that he has plenty of pockets for small packages—especially his pocketbook—and that he can take both hands to the umbrella if necessary. We know too, that he is continually railing at women for wearing long dresses on sloppy streets and wonders why she persists in doing it, and all the time he is pointedly inspecting every pair of feet that pass by under lifted skirts.

Women are fully aware of the inconvenience of long skirts on the street, and if men were excluded from the shopping district, especially in wet weather, a tidal wave of dress reform would set in that would discount anything predicted

by the weather bureau. Said one demure little woman: "I wouldn't give up my pretty, graceful skirts about the house for all the common sense divided garments ever dreamed of by enthusiastic reformers, but I would be glad to don a comic opera costume for sleety, drizzly, windy weather, if I was sure I wouldn't be arrested."

Well, what all the uncomfortable ex-periences and the cleverness of dress reformers put together have failed to do, the English fad for out-door training bids fair to accomplish. Dresses for m tain climbing, hunting, shooting and fishing tours, golf and tennis playing, are all rt, with divided skirts or knickerbock ers buttoned at the knee instead of petticoats, and trim leggins that one can count the buttons on from the ankle pretty nearly to the knee. English and Scotch women tramp by the side of men on walking and hunting expeditions and the swell ladies' tailors of London make a specialty of these out-door costumes.

The first illustration given is purely American in its concep-

tion-A Jenness-Miller storm suit with plain short skirt, knickerbockers and leggins, and the regulation waist and head gear; the other three are English in the latest degree and are not fanciful sketches, but as much the correct thing as bicycle costumes are in this country. They are respectively advertised as some-body's specialties in a mountain suit, a shooting costume and a fishing outfit, and we are assured that they are extremely smart. We don't indulge in these pastimes to any great extent and therefore have no need of the specialties, but once let the American women get accustomed to the sight of them and they will speedily be converted into rainy day dresses, and—who knows—perhaps into smart shopping dresses. It is already the correct thing

for women of our leisure class to go ut in wet weather. It is part of their physical culture not to be kept in by a bit of rain, you know. Besides, Scotch mists and English fogs are world renowned for good complexions, why not

the American drizzle? Already has the fin de siecle girl given up silk ruffled petticoats and put on cloth knickerbockers and leggins for rainy days, so that when it is necessary to lift her skirts she has only the dress skirt to think of. It is only one more step to short skirts.

Dress reform within conserva-tive limits is proposed by the Teachers' College of New York, in which the skirt shall clear the ground by six inches. Knickerbockers replace the usual array of underskirts, and me leggins button from the instep to the knee. The committee has laid down no rules for the waist or coat and vest, leaving that to personal taste, it being the idea only to guard against wet skirts during the pneumonia and grippe season, and heavy skirts that injure the health the year re DAME TROT.



Mother's Corner. ***********

BABY'S COMPLIMENT.

His father and mother were both away,
And baby and I had been friends all day;
Many and gay were the games we played;
Baby ordered and I obeyed.
We cared not at all for the rainy sky,
We built us a block house three feet high;
We threw pine knots on the nursery fire
And watched the flames mount higher and higher
We hid in the most improbable nooks;
We played "tag" till his cheeks were red,
And his curls were tangled about his head.
So when the twilight was closing down
Over the fields and the woodlands brown,
And nurse declared we must say good-night,
He clung to me still in the soft firelight.
He trampled my gown with his rough-little feet,
He climbed on my lap and klased me sweet,
And, as he scampered from off my knee,
"You'd make a good mother," said baby to me.
I have had compliments now and then,
From grown-up women and grown-up men, From grown-up women and growner new,
Some were commonplace, some were new,
Never did one of them ring so true,
Never has one seemed half so real,
Baby compared me to his ideal,
—S. St. G. Laurence.

Baby's First Clothes.

MANY a young mother explains with pride that the very first garments she ever made herself were the little robes and wrappers for that precious baby, and how proud pleased she is over her handiwork! Perha a girl at home she was so occupied with study, housework or social duties that she had no inclination to take a stitch for herself, but, by and by, der the influences of her new sphere, she d veloped an astonishing interest in the shaping of small garments and a surprising deftness in put-ting together tucks and embroidery. All she needs is a set of reliable patterns, and a few suggestions from older friends, and baby will be the possessor of as dainty an outfit as money could buy from the big stores. The McCall Infants' Outfit given on page 10s. includes

eight patterns—the regulation garments.

First comes the little shirt (No. 7), in the softest and finest of baby flannel or linen, which, when laundried should be ironed inside and out to prevent the chang of tender skin. This shirt can be buttoned on the shoulders or opened down the front seam, as will be most convenient to the mother in dressing the babe, and for a finish needs only a hem caught down with feather edge stitching or a plain edge scalloped in buttonho embroidery.

A pinning blanket (No. 4), for cold weather, is a necessary feature of baby's wardrobe. This is made of baby flannel with a feather edge finish to the deep hem, and with a linen waist-band roomy enough to admit of lapping over even after baby has attained several mo

by has attained several months' growth.

The skirt pattern (No. 5) is for both flannel and cambric, and in either case should have just as little trimming as the mother can reconcile l self to putting on. A clean, sweet, whitely-kept baby does not need fussy furbelows that tire both his mother and himself,

A little sacque slip of nainsook or cambric with comfortable sleeves (No. 3) is one of the best for general wear, and the wrapper (No. 1) while intended for a nightgown, will also make a pretty slip in linen lawn or striped nainook, or a warm wrapper of striped flannel to slip over the other garments on a cold morning.

Baby's best dresses for special occasions, might be patterned after No. 8, with square or pointed yokes as a change from the round one. These yokes can be obtained separately, the three of them, round, pointed and square, ing in one envelope as McCall Pattern No. 4128.
Cunning house sacques of white, pale blue and

pink flannel, embroidered around the edges, or with a crocheted lace edge and baby ribbons run through, are made like No. 2.

And finally, baby should have a hands cloak with cape made of eiderdown flannel for early spring, or fine cashmere for summer, fin-ished in feather edge and lace. If you are inclined to be extravagant on this particular occa-sion, you may want a cloak of white ottaman silk, with cap to match, and it really would not be such an extravagance after all, as the cloak will clean beautifully and can be cut down for a walking coat when baby is put into short clothes.

Sterilized Milk

ne only safeguard against the many diseases unsly promulgated by ordinary milk. You me assured that the contents of every can of a Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream are the liv sterligs.

A Mother's Responsibility.

GENTLE chi'dren make gentle men and gentle women. Training children in etiquette and good breeding is almost as essential as re-ligious instruction, because good manners will influence their character to a great degree, and our thoughts and feelings are also governed by our actions. Every one knows that a rude, illbred child is an unendurable nu make every place disagreeable, be it at home or abroad, in the parlor or in the car, while, on the contrary, courteous, well-bred, pleasing children

e winsome, lovable and delightful. Unfortunately not every mother thinks it necessary to teach polite manners to her children. Her boys do not take off their hats when they come into the presence of ladies; her girls interrupt rudely in conversation. It is a common occurrence in our street cars to see an elderly gentleman give up his seat to some old person, while a six-year-old youngster spreads over room enough for two, and with his mother looking on apparently ignorant that she is rearing a with the selfish manners of a cub. The behavior of her children is a pretty clear mirror of the mother's own nature. It is from her they learn courtesy and gallantry and chivalric respect to women. Lookers-on at the rude or bad behavior of the child cannot have a very flattering opinion of that child's home influence

MOTHER-"Tommie, I am going to spank

you. Do you know what for t"

TOMMIK (indignantly)—"Yes. You want to
ease your own feelings by hurting mine."

Curious Ways of Naming Baby.

A HINDU baby is named when twelve days old, and usually by the mother. Some-nes the father wishes for another name than that selected by the mother; in that case two lamps are placed over the two names, and the name over which the lamp burns the brightest is e given to the child.

In the Egyptian family, the parents choose a name for their baby by lighting three wax can-dles; to each of these they give a name, one of the three always belonging to some deified per-sonage. The candle that burns the longest bestows the name upon the baby.

The Moham names on five slips of paper, and these they place in the Koran. The name upon the first slip drawn out is given to the child.

The children of the Ainos, a people living in orthern Japan, do not receive their names until they are five years old. It is the father who then es the name by which the child is after wards to be called.

The Chinese give their boy babies a name in addition to their surnames, and they must call themselves by these names until they are twenty years old. At that age the father gives his son a

The Chinese care so little for their girl babies that they do not give them a baby name, but just call them Number One, Number Two, Number Three, Number Four, and so on, according to their birth.

Baby's Rights.

E has a right to be "well born." He did not ask for existence; see to it, then, ye arents, that everything, from conception to birth, conduces to his moral, physical and mental well being. He has a right to healthful blood and clear

brains, not those impoverished and befogged by dissipation, narcotics and alcohol.

He has a right to a happy, healthful m not exhausted by excessive child-bearing nd overwork.

He has a right to your first care and thought baby first, self last

He has a right to be kept sweet and clean, that he be not repellant to those about him.

He has a right to be "mothered" every day of his little life, not turned over to the tender (?) ercies of the average ignorant hired nurse. He has a right to your deepest love and to

ar keenest sympathies, that you may, during developing, enter largely into his joys and

He has a right to wise discipline, since, if disciplined and uncontrolled in his infan nd childhood, his future may be hampered by faults his mother should have corrected.

He has a right to a good, general education that life's best gifts may be fully appreciated.

He has a right to the cultivation of any special talent with which he is, by nature, en-

DRESSMAKING MADE SIMPLE BY THE McCALL COMPANY'S PATTERNS.

PRESSMAKING becomes a pleasure with the aid of the McCall Company's Celebrated Patterns. They are cut in many sizes, and re put together with the greatest possible ease. To make a garment, take one of these patterns, double your lining, pin on the pattern and carefully trace around it with a tracing wheel. Then cut out the lining, allowing half an inch extra outside the tracing for seams everywhere, except at the shoulder and under-arm seams, where yo must allow one inch in case of alteration. Where inturns are allowed trace through the holes. For full-busted figures, a dart should be taken up in the front of the lining only, as indicated by the Lay the lining on the material oubled and cut the material the sa lining. Baste lining and material together on the tracing for a guide to sew by. This retains the shape of the pattern. The lining should be the shape of the pattern. The lining should be basted a trifle fuller than the material lengthwise. Next baste your garment closely, with the ex tion of the shoulder and the under-arm, which should be pinned on the outside. It is now ready for fitting. Try on and pin the garment together where traced on the front, and shape to the figure.

If the garment is too tight or too loose alter it where the large seams are on the shoulder and under the arms. It can also be taken in or let out in the centre of the back, but never alter the darts or side seams, and do not cut off the darts until the garment is fitted. Before making the collar, fit the stiffening and shape it to the neck when fitting, and put a tracing where it sews on. When your seams are stitched they should be notched and thoroughly pressed open. Put bone casings on very full, and if bones are used they should be soaked to make them pliable enough to bear the needle. The sleeve and skirt can be lengthened or shortened at the bottom. Put the inner seam of the sleeve to the notch in the arm hole Do not forget to allow all seams for making. Each piece of the pattern is so marked and de that one can easily tell how to put them together In cutting always double the material. Place both right sides together. Care should be taken to have the material run the same way. Never have a seam in the front of any skirt. Cloth should be cut with the nap running down, velvet up. To match figured or striped goods pin the figures together before cutting. The secret of

ressmaking is in basting and pressing.

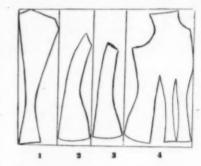
If these directions are carefully carried out a handsome and perfect fitting garment will be the

To measure for a lady's basque or any garment requiring a bust measure, put the tape measure over the largest part of the bust, raising it a little ulder blades

To measure for a lady's skirt, put the measure and the waist over the dress.

To measure for a boy's coat or vest, put the easure around the body underneath the arms, drawing it closely. It is well in ordering for a boy to give the age also.

To measure for a boy's trousers, put the m ure around the body over the trousers at the waist,



The above illustration of a Basque shows how No. 1 indicates the back piece, 2 is the side-back, 3 under-arm piece and 4 is the front. In cutting the material follow the lines of the pattern, allow-



A little of it goes so far!

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CHILDREN'S CORNER



DOLLY'S LESSONS.

want to teach my dolly I want to teach my dolly— Her ig'rance is obsurd, I really hate to 'fess it, But she cannot spell a word. Tho' I give her short 'ezamples She never gets them done, For she doesn't know her tables. As far as one times one.

She pays the best of 'tention She pays the best of 'tention,
And p'r'aps I am too strick,
But sakes: she tries my patience
When she studies 'rifm'tic.
She's careless 'bout her writin',
She scratches like a hen,
And now she's sprained her thumb so bad
She cannot hold a pen.

She cannot hold a pen.

She ought to have a lib'ary,
But what would be the use
To get her books of polekry
When she can't read Mother Goose
She must have a ed-ju-ca-tion,
For her mamma'd die of shame
If dolly should be lost some day
When she couldn't spell her name.

—Annie M. Pratt.

SO," said Doctor Devon, bringing his hand down on Jack Burnet's she you've been frightening your mother ill! Don't

you feel ashamed of yourself?"
"I'm very sorry, doctor," said Jack; "but
mothers are scary. If she'd stopped a minute
and not fainted she'd have seen me pick myself ap. You see, the brewer's wagon turned the corner just as the expressman whacked at us fel-

lows that were up behind. We jumped off and—"
"And if the brewer had not had strong arms, and the brewer's horses more sense than most boys, you'd have been a case for the coroner," said the doctor.

"I wasn't hurt," Jack said, laughing. "But mother was looking from the window and hap-pened to see it, and went and fainted."

'H'm! Jack, would you like to ride out with me to-morrow afternoon?

"Oh, yes, thank you, doctor," cried Jack.
"Be ready when I call then," said the doctor.

You may be sure that Jack was ready for a ride behind that brown horse, and to go flying along the street and down the avenue. never stopped until they reached a large brick

The doctor took Jack by the hand, and went softly along the hall and entered a room full of little white beds. There was a child in each bed, and three nurses, with white caps and aprons, were walking about. At some beds the doctor paused, gave directions to a nurse and passed on. At last he said to Jack:

"You may speak to this little fellow. Tom, I have brought a young friend to see you."

Two great, hollow eyes turned Jack's way.
"How do you do?" asked a weak little voice.
"I'm well, thank you," said Jack. "I'm sorry you are sick."

I've been sick a great while," said Tom. "I'm going to get well now, doctor says. But I've had lots of pain, and I guess I nearly died. It's all my own fault though. If I'd minded Ma, I'd not have been here at all. She told me

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An old plands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis. Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who wish it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with tull directions for preparing and using. Sent by mill, by addressing, with simm, naming this pager. W. A. Notes, 830 Fourier's Black, Rochester, N. Y.

never to hang on to the ice wagon, but I did, and the trolley-car ran into it. It's months ago, and I've had time to think about it."

You won't do it again, will you, Tom?" asked the doctor.

No, sir," said Tom.

The doctor took an orange and laid it on the uilt. Tom said: "Thank you!" and Jack said:
I hope you'll be well soon." Then they walked on until they came to a bed where a little boy lay In one corner a nurse was supporting a asleep. in who had nearly fainted away.

"It came on me sudden," she told the doctorthe news that my little son-had his leg off." "To save his life, Mrs. Brennan," said the doctor, gently.

Life won't be much use to him now," said the poor woman, weeping. "Oh, the times I told him never to be going into the old house they're tearin down, but, like so many boys, "Oh, the times I he took no heed of my words, and when the wall fell he was under it. Ah, if children would only listen to them that know better than

Is he going to die?" Jack whispered.

"He may live for years, Jack," said the doctor, "but besides his crushed leg, his back was injured and he will never be able to stand, or to sit up or even to feed himself. He will never be anything but a burden to his poor parents. But he knew better than his mother, you see, and was quite sure it was safe to play around the men at work."

Jack looked solemn. Slowly they walked trough the ward. Some of the little ones were playing with toys or looking at pictures, but most of them were crying or moaning with pain and fever. One boy was dying from a shot from his father's pistol, that he had been told not to touch, and another had fallen off the roof of a

barn and fractured his skull.

Jack was glad when the doctor stepped out into the corridor again. Over the door through which they passed was the inscription :

CHILDREN'S ACCIDENT WARD.

Jack looked up and read it aloud.

That is what we call it, Jack," said the doc-"but I believe that if the words were: Ward for little boys who know better than their mothers,' it would be quite as good.

Forfeits.

AST month we published a number of gam and promised to follow them with penal-ties to impose on the losers of the games.

Here are some not generally practiced :

A very amusing forfeit is to command the unfortunate victim to laugh or to yawn until everybody in the room laughs or yawns. It isn't a difficult feat to accomplish, but if the players are determined to remain unmoved it will require several minutes hard work.

THE SENSE OF TOUCH.

Blindfold the victim, cross his hands behind him, and don't allow him to release them until he can guess which player touches him. Get a glass of water and a teaspoon, and let each player in turn feed him a teaspoonful of water after each wrong guess.

THE TRIP TO CORINTH.

This is supposed to be a forfeit to be paid by boys; girls would naturally hesitate to take the leading parts.

one paying the forfeit is furnished with a lighted candle and a boy friend as guide. guide carries a clean white handkerchief in one hand and with the other leads the forfeit payer around the circle. The two of them face an attractive young lady, the forfeit payer holding up the lighted candle for a moment while the guide politely kisses the lady and then turns and gravely wipes the lips of the candle-bearer. repetition of this two or three times, especially if the guide chooses a young lady in whom the forfeit payer is particularly interested, is apt to be rather a trying forfeit to go through with.

THE TURNED HEAD

An amusing punishment for a girl, especially if only a few of the players know what to expect. The girl whose head is to be turned, is taken into another room and required to put on as many wraps as possible; for instance, a coat, a cape over that and then a muffler, but all of them must be fastened the wrong side before. Then she should be given a must which must be held behind her, but in as near the usual posi-tion as possible. When this is done, put her hat on in the usual manner and see that she re-enters the room walking backwards.

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of ours, always one. Piesses tell your neighbors about it.

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Set A - 10 Ever- Woming Rosse, 10 Colors, 10:

Set A - 10 Ever- Woming Rosse, 10 Colors, 10:

Set B - 10 Ever- Woming Rosse, 10:

Set B - 11 Ever- Woming Rosse, 10:

Set B - 12 Sweet Scented double Tube Rosse 60:

Set B - 12 Sweet Scented double Tube Rosse 60:

Set B - 12 Women Rosse, 10:

Set B - 13 Women Rosse, 10:

Set B - 14 Women Rosse, 10:

Set B - 15 Women Rosse, 10:

Set

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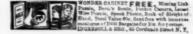
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Two Picturesque Views of Cookery.

MERE are two contrasted views of cookeryone by a man; the other by a woman:
MR. RUSKIN'S view: "Cookery means the knowledge of Medea and of Circe and of Helen and of Rebekah and of the Queen of Sheba. It means the knowledge of all herbs and fruits and balms and spices, and of all that is healing and sweet in fields and groves and savory in meats. It means carefulness and inventiveness and willingness and readiness of appliance. It means the economy of your grandmothers and the science of the modern chemist; it means much testing and no wasting; it means English thoroughness and French art and Arabian hospitality; and, in fine, it means that you are to be perfectly and always ladies'—loaf-givers."

HARYOT HOLT CAHOON, the woman thinks for the New York Recorder, says: "Ask a woman what cooking means. It means the patience of Job and the persistence of the Pilgrim Fathers. It means the endurance, the long-suffering and the martyrdom of Joan of Arc. It means the steaming, and the stewing, and the baking and the broiling, thrice daily, springs, summers, autumns and winters, year after year, decade following decade. It means perspiration and desperation and resignation. It means a crown and a harp and a clear title to an estate in Heaven. From her judgment and reason the cook must evolve triumphs that depend upon salt and pepper and sugar and herbs. She must know how soon and how long and how much and how often. She must know quality and quantity and cost. She must serve the butcher and the baker and the candlestick maker. Then she must rise above it all and be a lady—a loaf-giver."

Bright Silver.

TTO KEEP your silver bright without constant cleaning, which is injurious to the plated articles, dissolve a small handful of borax in a dishpan of hot water with a little soap, put the silver in and let it stand all the morning (or afternoon as the case may be), then pour off the suds, rinse with clear cold water and wipe with a soft cloth.

A Novel Duster.

IT IS a cover for the broom, to be put on when the walls and ceilings want dusting down.
As a rule, the servant ties on a bit of rag in a very slipshod style, but this bag is made just the shape of the broom, of three or four thicknesses of cheesecloth stitched and bound with braid. Tape is shirred in at the top of the bag, to pull up around the handle just above the broom head, keeping the duster in position. The second important feature of this duster is that it doesn't se its identity when it goes to the wash.

A New Cure for Asthma.

Medical science at last reports a positive cure for Asthma in the Kola Plant, found on the Congo river, West Africa. So great is their faith in its wonderful curative powers, the Kola Importing Co., 1164 Broadway, New York, are sending out large trial cases of the Kola Compound free to all sufferers from Asthma. Send your name and address on postal card, and they will send you a trial case by mail free.

OUR PRACTICAL PACE



A HOUSEKEEPER'S TRAGEDY

One day as I wandered, I heard a complaining.

And saw a poor woman, the picture of gloom;

She glared at the mud on her doorsteps ('twas rain-

ing)
And this was her wail as she wielded the broom:

"O life is a toil and love is a trouble, And beauty will fade, and riches will flee; And pleasures they dwindle and prices they double, And nothing is what I could wish it to be.

"There's too much of worriment goes to a bonnet;
There's too much of ironing goes to a shirt;
There's nothing that pays for the time you waste
on it;
There's nothing that lasts but trouble and dirt.

In March it is mud; it's slush in December; The midsummer breezes are loaded with dust; In fall, the leaves litter; in muggy September The dirt piles up, and combat it I must.

Last night in my dreams. I was stationed forever On a bare little isle in the midst of the sea; y one chance of life was a ceaseless endeavor To sweep off the waves ere they swept over me.

To sweep on the Wall Again I behold it:

I yield; I am helpless my fate to avert:"

She rolled down her sleeves, her apron she folded.

Then laid down and died, and was buried in dirt

—Anon.

What to Serve with Meats.

Roast beef-grated horseradish. Roast mutton-currant jelly. Boiled mutton-caper sauce Roast pork-apple sauce. Roast lamb-mint sauce. Venison or wild duck-black currant jelly. Roast goose-apple sauce. Roast turkey—oyster sauce. Roast chicken—bread sauce.

Compote of pigeons—mushroom sauce. Broiled fresh mackerel—sauce of stewed gooseberries. Broiled blue-fish-white cream sauce. Broiled shad-rice.

Fresh salmon-green peas with cream sauce. Rice and Chicken Pie.

PARBOIL the chickens, take them out, and in that water boil one quart of rice. Salt to taste. When the rice is done, stir into it a tablespoonful of butter, a pint of milk and three well beaten eggs. Season the chicken with salt and pepper; spread nearly half of the rice into a baking dish, distribute the pieces of chicken upon this, and cover with the remainder of the rice; drop a few bits of butter on the top and bake until a crust is formed.

Odds and Ends.

WHEN purchasing meat, always have the trimmings sent home, as they help to make soups and sauces. Every scrap of meat and bone left from roasts and broils should be saved for the soup-pot.

The fat trimmings from beef, pork, veal and chicken should be tried out while fresh and then strained into earthen bowls. The chicken fat should be kept in a little pot to itself for shorten-ing and delicate frying.

The fat in which doughnuts, fritters, etc. been fried, can be used several times by careful straining and setting away in a stone jar. A good plan, when you have finished frying, is to cut up a raw potato in the boiling fat, to clarify it. Set on the back of the stove to cool off and then strain.

Every particle of soup and gravy should be saved in clean cups, as a small quantity of either adds a great deal to many little dishes.

Canned Peach Pie.

Is INE a pie-tin with puff-paste, fill with canned peaches in halves or quarters, well covered with sugar; put on upper crust and bake; or make as above without upper crust, bake until done, remove from the oven, and cover with a meringue made of the whites of two eggs, beaten to a stiff froth with two tablespoons powdered sugar; return to oven and brown slightly.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10c. and 25c. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

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Saswflake, pure White, always is bloom. Beseever, rich velvety Crimon, aone better. La France, Slivery Feach and Rose, a beauty. Susseet, Tawny shade very rich faabelin Sprums. deep rich Yellow, Frincess Sagan, richest, Scarlet, very larie van Hentie, Creamy White and Vellow. Grace Borting, Satusy Fink. elegand Defresane, Yellow, Sushed Pink, charming. Marsie Guilliet, pure white, thred Lemon.

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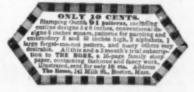




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Ce BRAIDS

PUBLISHER'S COLUMN

WELL, there is one thing sure, and that is that the subscribers to THE QUEEN OF FASHION read the Publisher's Column ! Letters have come pouring in with all sorts of compliments and suggestions until it begins to look as if the Publisher and Reader were in a fair way to pretty thoroughly understand each other.

So far, no one has given us a distinctly new feature-one that has not already been tried more or less successfully-but there are undoubtedly more letters to come. Here are samples of what we have already received:

"I see that you want suggestions that will improve the QUEEN OF FASHION. I think it is as near perfect as a paper for so little money could be. There is surely nothing lacking in the fashions, for they are dainty and up to date, and the patterns are perfect; a pattern that you can cut by and not make an alteration, beats a dressmaker. The reading also is very nice, and you had better let well enough alone.

MRS. J. CHAMBERLIN.

The information given in your paper about what best suits different figures, makes the paper invaluable to a weman who does her own sewing. The only suggestion I might offer is that instead of a short story, you run a serial story.

MRS. R. H. CAMPBELL..

Only one letter of the whole lot was at all unlimentary, and to show our apprecia an honest opinion, we publish it with the others

"I don't think much of your paper so far, but think it has been improving. The Practical Page is most useful and enter-

I would hate to leave out the Children's Corner, as I am a fond lover of them, but in a paper of this kind I think it would be more appropriate to do so. In its place, I would like a literary article; I would like to know about clubs,—Shakespere, Browning, whist—with minute description of them and what to study.

MRS. FRED. L. GOOGINS.

"After the patterns, I think the Cozy Corner with its instructions about doing fancy work, the most useful and entertaining.

In my opinion the Children's Corner could best be omitted, substituting instead a series of articles on the training of children, keeping the confidence of the boys and girls as they grow up, and making home the brightest spot on earth. and making home the brightest spot on earth.

Call this department "Home-ly Talks."

The patterns I need most are children's garments fancifully trimmed.

Mrs. W. W. Hiscox.

Strange to say, three-fourths of our readers say to omit the Children's Corner; the other fourth send us something like the following:

fourth send us something like the following:

"By no means omit the Children's Corner.

Little girls are always ready to read Mama's paper; dolly must have a new dress, and the small mother is deeply concerned about the way it is to be made. Cut paper patterns for dolls are a great help to the little seamstress and a boon to the tired mother. Then, too, the old games have grown monotonous and Mother is called upon to suggest something new; the last QUEEN OF FASHION supplied the needed help and was hailed with delight.

We might have current events condensed, or a humorous article now and then, but in my opinion your paper meets the varied demands of the majority of its readers, even to its advertisement columns. They are reliable—at least I have found them so in every instance I have answered them.

"Omit' Publisher's Column' and jokes: sub-

"Omit 'Publisher's Column' and jokes; substitute articles on hair-dressing and patchwork. I don't care for stories and poems nor for the Children's Corner; instead of these would suggest articles on knitting of undervests and skirts, and, if you want to benefit thousands of women all over the land, tell them how to treat tender feet.

C. B. A."

"I read the stories and poems first. If I were as I would omit the 'Children's Corner' and histitute an article on the raising of flowers, very woman wants to know how to do that suc-Every woman wants to know how to us man exchange cessfully. I would also suggest an exchange MRS. O. S. CAPPS.

"Omit story and substitute columns on how to dress becomingly, with styles for middle aged and old ladies. Also information as to the dif-ferent fabrics on the market, and illustrations of stylish hats and bonnets.

Mas. Minnie G. Hayden.

nn that will aid women in earning the Almighty Dollar.

MRS. J. P. GETLER.

"Omit Children's Corner and substitute short Rosa Thurston.

It is too bad that space prevented our giving these and a lot of other letters entire, instead of taking bits of them.

What do you say, ladies, to the reserving of this column for short articles from our subscribers?

Creme Simon.

Cr

THE MURRAY HILL SKETCHES.

PR.—These pertinent sket has on tops a of current st, by the well known humorist of "Texas Sift are written especially for FIER QUEEN OF FASHION vill appear in these columns from month to month.

N. MURRAY HILL is not very quick at repartee. When it comes to talking back, his mind seems to go off with a wet fuse. When he was a boy he talked in his sleep, but, now that he is grown up, he sleeps in his talk, so to speak. On the other hand, Mrs. Murray Hill is ever at a loss for an answer. In fact, as one of his friends remarked, about the only time Mr. Murray Hill has his wits about him is when he is with his wife. He really should never under-take to argue a point with his wife, for in such encounters the one that has not got quick wit had better quick quit, but somehow he cannot lose his faith in the doctor's statistics as to the superiority in weight of the masculine brain.

In a bona fide boxing match, a great deal depends on the weight of the respective pugilists.

A heavy weight pugilist, other things being equal, has the feather weight completely at his mercy. But when the combatants, instead of gloves, use their wits, the relative avoirdupoise of the contending parties cuts no figure in the case, even when the intellectual sparring match is between what has humorously been termed the opposing sexes.

explains how it happens that whenever This Murray Hill, who weighs 180 lbs., puts on the gloves, metaphorically speaking, with Mrs. Hill, who tips the scales at 110 lbs., he invariably gets the worst of it, as he did a few mornago at the breakfast table. Mrs. Hill threw down the gauntlet by announcing her intention of riding a bicycle, and in bloomers. Mr. Hill rashly took it up and the battle began by his saying with a large and audible sneer:

"So you seriously propose to ride a bicycle, and in bloomers! I should think the women were

fast enough already without getting on wheels."
"I suppose they must do something to catch
up with the men," retorted Mrs. Hill pouring out the coffee.

You think yourself very smart this morning." "If everybody was really as smart as you think you are, there would be no use for ency-

I didn't know that."

"You can learn a great deal by merely finding ut what you don't know," and Mrs. Hill sipped her coffee complacently.

Don't you know that riding a bicycle will make you round-shouldered, and that you will get mp, like the dromedary in Central Park?"
You don't ride a bicycle, and yet you have

always got your back up about so other," said Mrs. Hill calmly.

Mr. Hill realized that he was not getting on vell, so he determined to make a rush finish the battle in one round. He pounded on the table, and said sternly:
"I object to your making a guy of yourself;

Such exhibitions are simply disgusting," and then he shuddered.

Mrs. Hill laughed, after the manner of pugilists, as she dodged the blow, but she countered heavily on his bump of consistency by returning.

"Why didn't you shudder the other day when we were in Central Park, and that pretty girl in bloomers passed us on a bicycle. You smiled at her, and watched her until and a sight. How does your coffee taste this mornng, dear?"

This ended the first round in favor of Mrs. Hill. In the second round, Mr. Hill tried to land on Mrs. Hill's bump of propriety by saying in a very sarcastic tone of voice

Mrs. Tony Knickerbocker says that bicycling is immodest in a lady.'

This blow passed harmlessly over Mrs. Hill's head, and, before he could get out of range, she

hit him hard with a left hander, by replying:
"She is the lady whose husband left her for divers (divorce) reasons. Moreover, she is not very good authority in such matters, as she was not allowed to bathe at Asbury Park last season on account of her bathing suit. It consisted principally of a scant square foot of blue flannel, bow or two of bright colors, two apertures her arms to go through, and trousers that begin just above the knee. I am not at all surprised that she is shocked at a bicycling of

This blow completely staggered Mr. Park. It was evident that he was outo no effort to protect himself.

Don't get excited, Charles," she said pleasyou have just shovelled two spoo salt into your coffee. Shall I pass you the mus-

It was evident that the fight would not last nother round. Mr. Hill showed signs of great listress, and his blows were wild. His wife, distress, and his blows were wild. who had not been touched by his amateur sparring, showed no desire to punish him more than was absolutely necessary, but she determined to knock him out with one blow, and end the fight. She went at it very scientifically.

"Since you regard bicycling in bloomers as modest, what do you think of variety shows, living pictures, and spectacular plays?

He replied that no self-respecting person could visit such places of amusement, and was proceeding to denounce these improper perform-ances with an eloquence that Dr. Parkhurst might have envied, when she quietly handed him theater checks, which she had found in his vest pocket. There was no parrying or dodging this sockdologer, as the stubs indicated the theater, the day, and the orchestra seats at which he attended a comic opera of the most proced type, and treated a friend to the same

privilege. He simply collapsed,
And now Mrs. Murray Hill, in bloomers, rides ALEX. E. SWEET.

When lovely woman puts on knicker-Bockers for to take a ride, It's rude in man at her to snicker— But how can he his feelings hide?

"Henry," inquired his wife, just as he had settled-himself comfortably, "did you mail that letter I gave you this morning?"

"You don't suppose, love, that I would carry it around with me, do you?" he replied as palavering as he knew how.

"I don't suppose anything else," she said, suspiciously; "where did you mail it?"

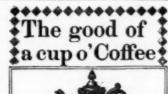
"Right around the corner in that box, love; I did it at once, dear, so I would be sure not to forget it."

rget it.

forget it."

She jumped up suddenly.

"Henry Smith," she exclaimed, "give me that letter. They moved that box around on the far side of the square a month ago," and Mr. Smith swore softly at the post office authorities.





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h dans All when of gay guitars.

All when of gay guitars.

All when of gay guitars.

All hall to mp at deary day dimost there. Walk around alone in the old cabin home American national asongs.

American hashed of them all andalusian feast. Bolevo american national asongs american hashed of them all andalusian feast. Bolevo American hashed of them all andalusian feast. Bolevo annie who played the bauju Arm.in-arm with Lizaie.

As I rocked little baby to eleeg As I view now these secures as in the second and a second a second and a second and a second **ALL PARTS COMPLETE** EACH 10×12 and that rules the work a's a good old "has been by beauty, child of nat oney of the Southern boppity, kickity high an ana. Potp AN ENTIRE MUSIC STORE FOR NOTHING. ing, gent The 400 %ongs in this great collection include accred and occular, comic and pati-lish, Irish, Scotch, and American, oid and new. They have plano part as well as me words, and the entire 40 make a book of 200 pages. he 350 Pieces for Piano or Organ include waitses, marches, polkas, two and polyment of the constraints, polyments, National Hymns of 3s countries, etc and be played on organ or piano, and the entire 350 make a book of 300 pages. SEE OFFER TOP OF THIS PAGE. Old kitchen clock, The Old man of Tobago. The Old oaken bucket. The On de road to glory Only a few faded roses Our a bay beats 'em all Over the waves waits Palm branches. Melodie Address THE McCALL COMPANY, 46 East 14th Street, New York. One Pattern FREE to Each New Subscriber. USE THE FOLLOWING COUPON IF YOU PREFER IT TO A LETTER: THE QUEEN OF FASHION. 46 East 14th St., N. Y.

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between the side cleared and the side as it was before treatment.

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Hoping to hear from many of my patrons whose orders and letters shall have my personal attention

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RANDOLPH, MASS., Jan. 22, 1895.

I can speak only in praise of "Ripans Tabules." I am troubled by what my physician has called Nervous Dyspepsia. My work, that of a school teacher, often brings on a state of intense nervousness, which prevents digestion and results in severe headaches. I have found that by watching my feelings, and taking a tabule with meals-as I feel myself becoming tired and nervous-I get relief at the time and prevent further trouble. I have derived much benefit during the time I have used them, and do not intend to he without them.

Lucy W. Lewis.

James Taylor, who resides at No. 82 Bailey avenue, Kingsbridge, New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14, 1894.

New York, Dec. 14, 1894.

Mrs. Taylor's Testimonial.

To the Ripan Chemical Co.:

My age is 65 years. For the past two years I have had liver trouble and indigestion. I always employed a physician, which I did in this case, but obtained no beneficial results. I never had any faith in patent medicines, but having seen Ripans Tabules recoming seen Ripans Tabules recommended very highly in the New York Herald, I concluded to give them a trial. After using them for a short time I found they were just what my case demanded. I have never employed a physician since, which means \$2 a call and \$1 for medicine. One dollar's worth of Ripans Tabules lasts me a month, and I would not be without them if it were my last dollar. They are the only thing that ever gave me any permanent relief. I take great pleasure in recommending them to any one similarly affected.

MRS. J. TAYLOR.

The constant beneficial use of Ripans Tabules in cases like this of Mrs. Taylor may be continued for years with all the advantage and no more possibility of harm than comes from a daily resort to any one of Nature's most beneficent springs of medicinal waters.

Lincoln is Supposed to have Said

that you can fool all of the people some of the time, and some of the people all of the time, but you cannot fool all the people all the time. We believe in this age of reason that it is even difficult to fool all of the people some of the time. They are beginning to think for themselves. They are not breaking their necks running after every mysterious, high-sounding nostrum that is advertised to cure all diseases, whether it be called a food or a medicine. In the first place, the article must have merit. Advertising a worthless thing is money wasted. Then people do not care to take a mystery; they prefer to know themselves, or have their doctor inform them of what they are taking.

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